



Advaned Technologies Product Guide

Specialty silicone components



Specialty components for advanced silicone chemistries

SUPERIOR PERFORMANCE FORMULATED WITH DECADES OF EXPERIENCE

For over 40 years, NuSil® has developed high-purity components for sophisticated silicone chemistries. Our deep expertise allows us to develop innovative chemistries that serve demanding requirements in multiple industries and applications. Manufacturers use our materials in their silicone formulations to produce a range of specialized features, including high-temperature performance, fuel resistance, optical properties and low volatility.

HIGH PURITY COMPONENTS

NuSil has formulated specialty polymers and finished systems that are designed to create unique silicone systems. From polymers that increase thermal resistance to resins that provide viscosity control and toughness, our components can help reduce time to market, improve performance, extend product life or incorporate other specialized features for optoelectronics and electronics applications.

Leading manufacturers use our comprehensive line of high-purity components to formulate advanced silicone compounds with the utmost reliability.

POLYMERS

Our polymers are available with a wide variety of organosiloxane compositions that can be used to create a range of silicone properties, such as increased thermal stability or resistance to common fuels and organic solvents.



GELS

A complete two-part solution, our gel-finished systems are ideal for creating custom thermally or electrically conductive materials. Low volatility and broad operating temperature options are available.



RESINS

NuSil produces silicone resins for a range of applications, from formulating pressure sensitive adhesives (PSAs) to reinforcing addition cure formulations that require manageable viscosity, thermal stability and toughness. Resins can be modified to vary molecular structures, functional groups and refractive indices.



CURING COMPONENTS

NuSil offers platinum crosslinking catalysts and components to control cure rates for addition cure systems. We also offer condensation catalysts as well as adhesion promotor silanes.



CUSTOMIZATION MASTERED

From prototype to mass production, NuSil has the expertise, processes and proprietary technology to customize silicone polymers, crosslinkers, resins, gels and curing components. We leverage our insight into silicone chemistry and material characterization capabilities to supply off-the-shelf and custom formulations tailored to meet process and endapplication performance requirements. Our solutions are rapidly and economically scalable to help accelerate time to market. If you don't see the component you're looking for in our product guide, contact us for more options.

NUSIL SUPPORT

We develop our silicones to meet or exceed industry and international quality, reliability and consistency requirements with comprehensive, documented systems. NuSil is ISO 9001 certified to ensure consistent manufacturing processes and quality standards. We also support customers with testing and documentation for RoHS and REACH compliance.

Polymers

Description

NuSil's functional siloxane polymers provide a range of properties, including low modulus, thermal stability, fuel resistance and volatility. Our high-purity polymer offerings are available with a wide variety of organosiloxane compositions that can be used for reacting with hydrosilylation, peroxide or condensation cure chemistry.

HYDRIDE FUNCTIONAL SILOXANE POLYMERS

| PRODUCT NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | VISCOSITY | mmol/g h (approximate) | VOLATILE CONTENT (maximum) |
|----------------|---|-----------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| DIMETHYL | | | | |
| XL2-7500 | Hydride-terminated PDMS | 4.5 cSt | 2.9 | 20% |
| XL3-7500 | Hydride-terminated PDMS | 14 cSt | 1.4 | 20% |
| XL1-7501 | Hydride-terminated PDMS | 125 cSt | 0.3 | 1% |
| XL-7505 | Hydride-terminated PDMS | 500 cP | 0.2 | 1% |
| XL-110 | Trimethyl-terminated, pendant hydride | 5 cSt | 7.0 | 50% |
| XL-150 | Trimethyl-terminated, pendant hydride | 10 cSt | 3.5 | 40% |
| XL-153 | Trimethyl-terminated, pendant hydride | 30 cSt | 5.3 | 6% |
| XL-115 | Trimethyl-terminated, pendant hydride | 50 cSt | 4.0 | 1% |
| XL-112 | Trimethyl-terminated, pendant hydride | 50 cSt | 6.5 | 1% |
| XL-116 | Trimethyl-terminated, pendant hydride | 100 cSt | 0.9 | 1% |
| XL-151 | Trimethyl-terminated, pendant hydride | 500 cP | 0.4 | 0.9% |
| FLUOROSILICONE | | | | |
| XL-150 | Fluoro, dimethyl copolymer trimethyl-terminated, pendant hydride | 10 cSt | 4.0 | 40% |

SILANOL FUNCTIONAL SILOXANE POLYMERS

| PRODUCT NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | VISCOSITY | % OH (approximate) | VOLATILE CONTENT (maximum) | REFRACTIVE INDEX at 589 nm |
|----------------|--|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| DIMETHYL | | | | | |
| PLY-7601 | Silanol-terminated PDMS | 40 cSt | 4.0 | - | 1.40 |
| PLY1-7600 | Silanol-terminated PDMS | 500 cSt | 0.5 | 3% | 1.40 |
| PLY-7608 | Silanol-terminated PDMS | 750 cP | - | 2% | 1.40 |
| PLY2-7600 | Silanol-terminated PDMS | 1,000 cP | - | 3% | 1.40 |
| PLY-7609 | Silanol-terminated PDMS | 3,500 cP | 0.2 | 2% | 1.40 |
| PLY3-7600 | Silanol-terminated PDMS | 10,000 cP | 0.1 | 3% | 1.40 |
| PLY1-7630 | Silanol-terminated PDMS (low volatility) | 800 cSt | 0.3 | 0.25% | 1.40 |
| PLY2-7630 | Silanol-terminated PDMS (low volatility) | 3,500 cP | 0.2 | 0.25% | 1.40 |
| PLY3-7630 | Silanol-terminated PDMS (low volatility) | 20,000 cP | 0.1 | < 0.5% | 1.40 |
| PHENYL | | | | | |
| PLY-7661 | Silanol-terminated - Diphenyl copolymer | 2,500 cP | 0.25 | 1% | 1.43 |
| FLUOROSILICONE | | | | | |
| PLY-7683* | Silanol-terminated 100mol% Fluoro | 1,500 cP | 0.6 | 1% | 1.38 |
| PLY-7810 | Silanol-terminated 100mol% Fluoro | 60,000 cP | - | 1% | 1.38 |

Volatility tested at 3 hours at 150°C

*ITAR controlled



VINYL FUNCTIONAL SILOXANE POLYMERS

| PRODUCT NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | VISCOSITY | mmol/g Vi (approximate) | VOLATILE CONTENT (maximum) | REFRACTIVE INDEX at 589 nm |
|----------------|--|------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| DIMETHYL | | | | | |
| PLY1-7500 | Vinyl-terminated PDMS | 500 cP | 0.16 | 1% | 1.40 |
| PLY2-7500 | Vinyl-terminated PDMS | 1,000 cP | 0.10 | 1% | 1.40 |
| PLY3-7500 | Vinyl-terminated PDMS | 10,000 cP | 0.05 | 1% | 1.40 |
| PLY4-7500 | Vinyl-terminated PDMS | 50,000 cP | 0.03 | 3% | 1.40 |
| PLY1-7530 | Low-volatility vinyl-terminated PDMS | 100 cSt | 0.35 | 1,000 ppm D4-D10 | 1.40 |
| PLY2-7530 | Low-volatility vinyl-terminated PDMS | 500 cP | 0.15 | 1,000 ppm D4-D10 | 1.40 |
| PLY3-7530 | Low-volatility vinyl-terminated PDMS | 1,000 cP | 0.11 | 1,000 ppm D4-D10 | 1.40 |
| PLY4-7530 | Low-volatility vinyl-terminated PDMS | 5,200 cP | 0.05 | 1,000 ppm D4-D10 | 1.40 |
| PHENYL | | | | | |
| PLY1-7560 | Vinyl-terminated - Ph ₂ copolymer | 500 cP | 0.20 | 1% | 1.43 |
| PLY2-7560 | Vinyl-terminated - Ph ₂ copolymer | 1,000 cP | 0.15 | 1% | 1.43 |
| PLY3-7560 | Vinyl-terminated - Ph ₂ copolymer | 10,000 cP | - | 1% | 1.43 |
| PLY4-7560 | Vinyl-terminated - Ph ₂ copolymer | 50,000 cP | 0.06 | 1% | 1.43 |
| PLY-7664 | Vinyl-terminated - Ph ₂ copolymer | 6,000 cP | - | 1% | 1.46 |
| PLY-7665 | Vinyl-terminated - Ph ₂ copolymer | 600 cSt | 0.80 | 1% | 1.52 |
| FLUOROSILICONE | | | | | |
| PLY2-7580* | Vinyl-terminated 100mol% F | 1,000 cP | 0.50 Vi | 1% | 1.38 |
| PLY3-7580 | Vinyl-terminated 100mol% F | 10,000 cP | 0.20 Vi | 1% | 1.38 |
| PLY4-7580 | Vinyl-terminated 100mol% F | 50,000 cP | 0.07 Vi | 1% | 1.38 |
| PLY5-7580 | Vinyl-terminated 100mol% F | 100,000 cP | 0.05 Vi | 1% | 1.38 |

*ITAR controlled

AMINE FUNCTIONAL SILOXANE POLYMERS

| PRODUCT NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | | mmol/g AMINE (approximate) | VOLATILE CONTENT (maximum) |
|----------------|---|---------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| PLY-7550 | Pendant aminoethyl aminopropyl - dimethylsiloxane copolymer | 200 cSt | 1.4 | 0.3% |

Resins

Description

NuSil siloxane resins are branched structures used in coatings, pressure-sensitive adhesives (PSAs) or other applications that require thermal stability, gloss finish and toughness.

Our resins can be modified to vary molecular structures, functional groups and refractive indices.

FUNCTIONAL SILOXANE RESINS

| DESCRIPTION | VISCOSITY (average) | WIJS mmol H/g (average) | REFRACTIVE INDEX at 589 nm | % SOLIDS (typical) |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Methyl hydride, solventless | 15-40 cP | 9.5 | 1.40 | 45.0 |
| Phenyl methyl hydride T, solventless | 1,100 cP | 4.0 | 1.55 | 98.5 |
| | | | | |
| | VISCOSITY | WIJS mmol H/g | REFRACTIVE INDEX | |
| DESCRIPTION | (average) | (average) | at 589 nm | |
| MTD vinyl resin, solventless | 110 cSt | 4.7 | 1.52 | |
| Vinyl resin, solventless | 100-500 cP | 1.4 | 1.53 | |
| | | | | |
| | % OH | MW DALTONS | | |
| DESCRIPTION | (typical) | (typical) | % SOLIDS | SPECIAL FEATURE |
| MQ | 0.32 | 7,700 | 60 | In xylene |
| | Methyl hydride, solventless Phenyl methyl hydride T, solventless DESCRIPTION MTD vinyl resin, solventless Vinyl resin, solventless DESCRIPTION | DESCRIPTION (average) Methyl hydride, solventless 15-40 cP Methyl hydride T, solventless 1,100 cP U VISCOSITY (average) MTD vinyl resin, solventless 110 cSt Vinyl resin, solventless 100-500 cP U Viscosite DESCRIPTION % OH (typical) | DESCRIPTION (average) (average) Methyl hydride, solventless 15-40 cP 9.5 Phenyl methyl hydride T, solventless 1100 cP 4.0 VISCOSITY VISCOSITY WIJS mmol H/g (average) (average) MTD vinyl resin, solventless 110 cSt 4.7 Vinyl resin, solventless 100-500 cP 1.4 OESCRIPTION MED vinyl resin, solventless 100-500 cP Understand WW DALTONS (typical) (typical) | DESCRIPTION (average) (average) at 589 nm Methyl hydride, solventless 15-40 cP 9.5 1.40 Phenyl methyl hydride T, solventless 150 cP 4.0 1.55 USCOSITY (average) DESCRIPTION VISCOSITY (average) WIJS mmol H/g (average) REFRACTIVE INDEX at 589 nm MTD vinyl resin, solventless 110 cSt 4.7 1.52 Vinyl resin, solventless 100-500 cP 1.4 1.53 WW DALTONS (typical) MW DALTONS % SOLIDS |

Gels

Description

Gel finished systems help decrease time to market by providing a complete two-part kit with little formulating required. Our high-purity gel systems are excellent for filling with compatible specialty fillers that create custom thermally or electrically conductive materials. Dimethyl and phenyl gel systems are available in a variety of hardnesses, siloxane chemistries and volatility specifications.

GELS

| PRODUCT NUMBER | REFRACTIVE INDEX at 589 nm | PENETRATION (mm) DUROMETER (Type) | VISCOSITY cP (mPa·sec) | WORK TIME | DESCRIPTION |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|--|
| DIMETHYL GELS | | | | | |
| GEL-8136 | 1.40 | 13 mm | 450 | | High surface tack |
| GEL-8100 | 1.40 | 10 mm | 535 | > 24 h | Very soft, flows when cured |
| GEL-8111 | 1.40 | 10 mm | 535 | > 24 h | Low volatility, flows when cured |
| GEL-8170 | 1.40 | 9 mm | 600 | - | Soft and medium tack |
| GEL-8150 | 1.40 | 5 mm | 500 | 4 h | Soft |
| GEL8-8150 | 1.40 | 4 mm | 500 | 1.5 h | Soft, able to RTV |
| EPM-2480 | 1.40 | 4 mm | 2,500 | > 24 h | Low volatility, soft and high tack |
| GEL1-8155 | 1.40 | 0.4 mm | 14,500 | - | Firm and medium tack |
| PHENYL GELS | | | | | |
| LS1-3443 | 1.43 | 6 mm | 650 | 2 h | Broad operating temperature |
| LS-3246 | 1.46 | 10 (00) | 1,000 | 8 h | Reduced water permeability |
| LS1-3252 | 1.52 | 65 (000) | 425 | - | Reduced water permeability |
| LS-3354 | 1.54 | 75 (000) | 8,000 | 2 h | Reduced water permeability |
| LS3-3354 | 1.54 | 75 (000) | 8,000 | 2 h | Reduced water permeability, designed for improved adhesion |
| All materials are platinum cure | | | | | |

Curing components

Description

NuSil offers curing catalysts and components to control cure rates for addition cure systems. Our platinum catalysts can be customized to specific concentration levels and diluent types to provide compatibility in various organosiloxane systems. Our inhibitor components enable tailoring of pot life in platinum cure silicones. We also offer condensation catalysts as well as adhesion promotor silanes.

CURING COMPONENTS

| PRODUCT NUMBER | REFRACTIVE INDEX at 589 nm | % PLATINUM | DESCRIPTION | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| PLATINUM CATALYST FOR | ADDITION CURE REACTIONS | | | | |
| CAT-50 | 1.40 | 2.5 | Karsted catalyst, platinum-divinyltetramethylsiloxane complex | | |
| CAT1-50 | 1.40 | 2.0 | Karsted catalyst, platinum-divinyltetramethylsiloxane complex | | |
| CAT2-50 | 1.40 | 0.9 | Karsted catalyst, platinum-divinyltetramethylsiloxane complex | | |
| CAT-7717 | 1.41 | 3.0 | Ashby catalyst, platinum-tetravinyltetramethylcyclotetrasiloxane complex | | |
| CAT-53 | 1.52 | 2.0 | Karsted catalyst, platinum-divinyltetramethylsiloxane complex | | |
| INHIBITORS | | | | | |
| | CURE TEMPERATURE | | | | |
| PRODUCT NUMBER | (minimum) | DESCRIPTION | | | |
| XL-119 | Ambient | | 2,4,6,8 –Tertramethyl-2,4,6,8-tetravinylcyclotetrasiloxane used as a competitive inhibitor for controlling work time of addition cure silicones | | |
| XL-128 | > 70° C | Methyl Butynol (MeBuOH), | Methyl Butynol (MeBuOH), fugitive inhibitor for controlling work time of addition cure silicones. | | |
| CAT-41 | > 120° C | Ethynyl Cyclohexanol (ETCH), fugitive inhibitor for controlling work time of addition cure silicones. | | | |
| ADHESION PROMOTERS | | | | | |
| PRODUCT NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | | | | |
| SP-7717 | Titanate catalyst for reacting | Titanate catalyst for reacting adhesion promoters to substrate | | | |
| SP-7707 | Vinyl functional adhesion promoter | | | | |
| SP1-7707 | Epoxy functional adhesion promoter | | | | |





Silicone Sales & Services UK - Ireland - Benelux

© 2020 - Polymer Systems Technology Limited™ Unit 2. Network 4. Cressex Business Park, Lincoln Road, High Wycombe, Bucks. HP12 3RF

tel: +44 (0) 1494 446610

web: https://www.silicone-polymers.com

email: sales@silicone-polymers.co.uk

